

Metadata

Language

Language Code

eng

Character Set

Character Set Code

utf8

Hierarchy Level

Scope Code

dataset

Hierarchy Level Name

dataset

Contact

Responsible Party

Individual Name

Geospatial Team

Organisation Name

Stats NZ

Contact Info

Contact

Phone

Telephone

Voice

0508 525 525

Address

Address

Electronic Mail Address

geography@stats.govt.nz

Online Resource

Online Resource

Linkage

URL

<https://datafinder.stats.govt.nz/>

Role

Role Code

custodian

Date Stamp

Date

2021-11-29

Metadata Standard Name

Metadata Standard Version

2007

Spatial Representation Info**Vector Spatial Representation****Topology Level Code**

geometryOnly

Geometric Object Type Code

composite

Integer

68

Reference System Info**Reference System****Reference System Identifier****Identifier****Code**

2193

Code Space

EPSG

Version

7.9.4(9.0.0)

Identification Info**Data Identification****Citation****Citation****Title**

GMS_Core.DBO.MWARD2022_V1_00_Clipped

Date**Presentation Form****Presentation Form Code**

mapDigital

Abstract

This dataset is the definitive set of Māori ward boundaries for 2022 as defined by the territorial authorities and/or Local Government Commission but maintained by Stats NZ (the custodian). The Local Electoral Act 2001 provides that Māori wards may be established in territorial authorities. The statutory provisions for establishing Māori wards are set out in sections 19Z to 19ZH of the Local Electoral Act 2001. Establishing Māori wards can be achieved by a local authority resolution or a favourable outcome of a poll of electors. The first Māori ward was established by representation review in 2019 and first appeared in the 2020 geographic boundaries released by Stats NZ. The first Māori ward to be created was Wairoa Māori ward (02901) in the Wairoa District. Māori wards are numbered based on their corresponding territorial authority. Each Māori ward has a unique five-digit code. The first three digits represent the territorial authority that the Māori ward lies within. The following two digits are sequential and represent the number of Māori wards within a territorial authority. Māori ward boundaries are defined at meshblock level. Names are provided with and without tohutō/macrons. The column name for those without macrons is suffixed 'ascii'. Digital boundary data became freely available on 1 July 2007.

Purpose

This dataset is the definitive version of the annually released Māori ward boundaries as at 1 January 2022 as defined by the territorial authorities and/or Local Government Commission and maintained by Stats NZ (the custodian), This version contains 1 Māori ward, excluding area outside Māori ward. This clipped version has been created for map creation/cartographic purposes and so does not fully represent the official full extent boundaries.

Credit

Stats NZ

Point Of Contact

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Role

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custodian

Descriptive Keywords

Keywords

Keyword

2021

Keyword

Māori ward

Keyword

MWARD

Descriptive Keywords

Keywords

Keyword

Downloadable Data

Resource Constraints

Constraints

Use Limitation

Spatial Representation Type Code

vector

Language

Language Code

eng

Character Set

Character Set Code

utf8

Topic Category Code

boundaries

Version 6.2 (Build 9200) ; Esri ArcGIS 10.8.1.14362

Extent

EX_Extent

Geographic Element

EX_Geographic Bounding Box

Extent Type Code

Boolean

true

-180180-47.421563-33.773403

Extent

EX_Extent

Geographic Element

EX_Geographic Bounding Box

Extent Type Code

Boolean

true

-180180-47.421563-33.773403

Distribution Info

Distribution

Distribution Format

Format

Name

SDE Feature Class

Data Quality Info

DQ_Data Quality

Scope

DQ_Scope

Level

Scope Code

dataset

Lineage

LI_Lineage

Statement

Maori wards are based on the meshblock pattern. Non-alignment of meshblock and cadastral boundaries are one of a number of reasons for meshblock boundary adjustments. Other reasons include requests from local authorities, Local Government Commission, Electoral Representation Commission and to make census enumeration processes easier. From the meshblock pattern, higher geographies, including the 2021 Maori ward pattern, were dissolved using the dissolve tool in the Arc GIS suite.

