

### Metadata

#### Language

Language Code

eng

#### Character Set

Character Set Code

utf8

#### Hierarchy Level

Scope Code

dataset

#### Hierarchy Level Name

dataset

### Contact

#### Responsible Party

Individual Name

Geospatial Team

Organisation Name

Stats NZ

#### Role

Role Code

owner

### Date Stamp

Date

2021-12-02

### Metadata Standard Name

ISO 19139 Geographic Information - Metadata - Implementation Specification

### Metadata Standard Version

2007

### Spatial Representation Info

#### Vector Spatial Representation

Topology Level Code

geometryOnly

Geometric Object Type Code

composite

Integer

2260

### Reference System Info

Reference System

Reference System Identifier

## Identifier

### Code

2193

### Code Space

EPSG

### Version

7.9.4(9.0.0)

## Identification Info

### Data Identification

#### Citation

##### Citation

##### Title

GMS\_Core.DBO.SA2HG2022\_V1\_00

#### Date

#### Presentation Form

##### Presentation Form Code

mapDigital

## Abstract

This dataset is the definitive version of statistical area 2 (SA2) boundaries concorded to higher geographies for 2022 as defined by Stats NZ. This version contains 2,260 SA2s. This statistical area 2 higher geographies file is a correspondence, or concordance, which relates SA2s to larger geographic areas or 'higher geographies'. The higher geographies contained in this concordance are: territorial authority (TA) and regional council (REGC). Statistical area 2 (SA2) is an output geography that provides higher aggregations of population data than can be provided at the statistical area 1 (SA1) level. The SA2 geography aims to reflect communities that interact together socially and economically. In populated areas, SA2s generally contain similar sized populations. This generalised version has been simplified for rapid drawing and is designed for thematic or web mapping purposes. For further information on individual higher geographies, refer to each geography's metadata. Names are provided with and without tohutō/macrons. The column name for those without macrons is suffixed 'ascii'. Digital boundary data became freely available on 1 July 2007.

## Purpose

This dataset is the definitive version of the annually released statistical area 2 boundaries as at 1 January 2022 as defined by Stats NZ. This version contains 2,260 statistical area 2 areas.

## Credit

Stats NZ

## Point Of Contact

### Responsible Party

#### Individual Name

Geospatial Team

#### Organisation Name

Stats NZ

### Contact Info

#### Contact

##### Address

##### Address

Electronic Mail Address

geography@stats.govt.nz

Online Resource  
Online Resource  
Linkage  
URL

<https://datafinder.stats.govt.nz/>

Role  
Role Code  
owner

#### Descriptive Keywords

##### Keywords

###### Keyword

Statistics New Zealand

###### Keyword

Meshblock

###### Keyword

mbhg

###### Keyword

MBHG

###### Keyword

Statistics NZ

###### Keyword

Stats NZ

###### Keyword

meshblock

###### Keyword

mb

###### Keyword

MB

#### Descriptive Keywords

##### Keywords

###### Keyword

Downloadable Data

#### Resource Constraints

##### Constraints

###### Use Limitation

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#### Spatial Representation Type Code

vector

#### Language

##### Language Code

eng

Character Set  
Character Set Code  
utf8

Topic Category Code  
boundaries

Version 6.2 (Build 9200) ; Esri ArcGIS 10.8.1.14362

Extent  
EX\_Extent  
Geographic Element  
EX\_Geographic Bounding Box  
Extent Type Code  
Boolean  
true  
-180180-47.841491-33.559984

Extent  
EX\_Extent  
Geographic Element  
EX\_Geographic Bounding Box  
Extent Type Code  
Boolean  
true  
-180180-47.841491-33.559984

Extent  
EX\_Extent  
Geographic Element  
EX\_Geographic Bounding Box  
Extent Type Code  
Boolean  
true  
-180180-47.841491-33.559984

Distribution Info  
Distribution  
Distribution Format  
Format  
Name  
SDE Feature Class

Data Quality Info  
DQ\_Data Quality  
Scope  
DQ\_Scope  
Level  
Scope Code  
dataset

Lineage  
LI\_Lineage  
Statement  
The digital meshblock boundaries are stored and maintained by Stats NZ. Non-alignment of meshblock and cadastral boundaries are one of a number of reasons for meshblock boundary adjustments. Other reasons include requests from local authorities, Local Government Commission, Electoral Representation Commission and to make census enumeration processes easier. From the generalised meshblock pattern, higher geographies are dissolved

| | | | | using the dissolve tool in the Arc GIS suite to create multiple output datasets.