

Statistical Area 1 2019 Clipped (generalised)

Title

SA12019_V1_00_Clipped

Description

SA12019_V1_00_Clipped is a major released version of the annually released statistical area 1 (SA1) boundaries for 2019, clipped to the coastline. This clipped version contains 29,694 SA1s and has been created for map creation/cartographic purposes and may not fully represent the official full extent boundaries. Statistical area 1 (SA1) is a new output geography that allows the release of more detailed information about population characteristics than is available at the meshblock level. Built by joining meshblocks, SA1s have an ideal size range of 100–200 residents, and a maximum population of about 500. This is to minimise suppression of population data in multivariate statistics tables. This dataset is the definitive set of statistical area 1 (SA1) boundaries for 2019 as defined by Stats NZ. The SA1 should: form a contiguous cluster of one or more meshblocks be either urban, rural, or water in character be small enough to: allow flexibility for aggregation to other statistical geographies allow users to aggregate areas into their own defined communities of interest form a nested hierarchy with statistical output geographies and administrative boundaries. It must: be built from meshblocks either define or aggregate to define SA2s, urban rural areas, territorial authorities, and regional councils. SA1s generally have a population of 100–200 residents, with some exceptions: SA1s with nil or nominal resident populations are created to represent remote mainland areas, unpopulated islands, inland water, inlets, or oceanic areas Some SA1s in remote rural areas and urban industrial or business areas have fewer than 100 residents Some SA1s that contain apartment blocks, retirement villages, and large non-residential facilities have more than 500 residents. The SA1 classification is a flat classification and in 2019 contains 29,895 SA1s – 29,879 digitised and 16 non-digitised. SA1s are not named. SA1 codes have seven digits starting with a '7' and numbered approximately north to south. As new SA1s are created, they are given the next available numeric code. The following table shows the total number of SA1s for each annual pattern since 2018 when SA1s were first created:

Year	Statistical Area 1 total	Digitised SA1
2018	29,889	29,873
2019	29,895	29,879

Aggregated from meshblocks, SA1s cover the land area of New Zealand, the water area to the 12-mile limit, the Chatham Islands, Kermadec Islands, sub-Antarctic islands, off-shore oil rigs, and Ross Dependency. The following 16 SA1s are not held in digitised form.

SA1 code	Location (statistical area 2 name)
7999901	New Zealand Economic Zone
7999902	Oceanic Kermadec Islands
7999903	Kermadec Islands
7999904	Oceanic Oil Rig Taranaki
7999905	Oceanic Campbell Island
7999906	Campbell Island
7999907	Oceanic Oil Rig Southland
7999908	Oceanic Auckland Islands
7999909	Auckland Islands
7999910	Oceanic Bounty Islands
7999911	Bounty Islands
7999912	Oceanic Snares Islands
7999913	Snares Islands
7999914	Oceanic Antipodes Islands
7999915	Antipodes Islands
7999916	Ross Dependency

Digital boundary data became freely available on 1 July 2007.

Coverage

-47.421563 -180 -33.773451 180

Identifier

| <https://datafinder.stats.govt.nz/layer/98760-statistical-area-1-2019-clipped-generalised/>

Type

| vector

Subject

| Downloadable Data

Subject

| Statistical Area 1

Subject

| statistical area 1

Subject

| SA1

Subject

| SA 1

Subject

| sa1

Subject

| sa 1

Subject

| Clipped

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